AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 23, 2003 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 2, 2003

SENATE BILL

No. 542

Introduced by Senator Murray (Principal coauthor: Senator Alpert)

February 20, 2003

An act to amend Sections 66010.6, 66903, 94770, and 94780 of, to amend and renumber Sections 94900, 94901, and 94905 of, to add Section 66903.1 Sections 66903.1, 94256, 94257, 94258, 94259, 94260, 94261, 94262, and 94263 to, to add a chapter heading immediately preceding Section 94250 of, to repeal Sections 12090, 12091, 12092, 12093, and 12094 of, and to repeal the heading of Article 8 (commencing with Section 94900) of Chapter 7 of Part 59 of, the Education Code, relating to postsecondary education.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

- SB 542, as amended, Murray. Postsecondary education: California Postsecondary Education Commission.
- (1) Existing law, known as the Donahoe Higher Education Act, sets forth, among other things, the missions and functions of California's public and independent segments of higher education, and their respective institutions of higher education. Among other things, the act establishes the California Postsecondary Education Commission (CPEC) for, among other purposes, the collection of data pertinent to the planning and coordination of the higher education system of the state.

Existing law authorizes the State Department of Education to enter into agreements with the federal Veterans Administration, or any other SB 542 — 2 —

agency of the federal government, for the education of veterans in any of the schools of the California public school system, except the California State University.

This bill would withdraw that authority from the State Department of Education and, instead, grant that authority to CPEC.

(2) The existing Private Postsecondary and Vocational Education Reform Act of 1989 generally sets minimum standards of instructional quality, ethical and business practices, health and safety, and fiscal responsibility for private postsecondary and vocational educational institutions, as defined. The act establishes the Bureau for Private Postsecondary and Vocational Education, which, among other things, is required to review and investigate all institutions, programs, and courses of instruction approved under the act. The act is to be repealed by its own provisions on January 1, 2005.

This bill would renumber the provisions of the act that relate to private postsecondary institutions that grant degrees, as defined, and remove those provisions from the act. The repeal date of the act would no longer be applicable to these provisions, the operation of which would thus be extended indefinitely. The bill would also withdraw from the bureau the authority to regulate and approve private postsecondary institutions that grant degrees and, instead, grant that authority to CPEC.

The bill would establish a Degree-Granting Institution Regulatory Account in the Private Postsecondary and Vocational Education Administrative Fund. The bill would require that fees collected by CPEC pursuant to the bill be deposited in the account, and available upon appropriation by the Legislature, to CPEC for the purposes of the bill.

(3) The bill would require CPEC to consult with representatives of the private, public, and independent postsecondary education sectors, and develop recommendations for long-term policies that guide oversight and regulation of the nonpublic sectors of postsecondary education. The bill would require CPEC to submit the recommendations to the appropriate education committees of the Legislature by September 1, 2004.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

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The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. It is the intent of the Legislature to accomplish all of the following:

- (a) Facilitate articulation and transferability of courses completed by students in the public, private, and independent sectors of postsecondary education by applying a common set of program review standards.
- (b) Ensure that students are not defrauded when they choose to enroll in private degree-granting institutions.
- (c) Use the full range of public and nonpublic resources to meet the education demands of Tidal Wave II. 10
- 11 SEC. 2. Section 12090 of the Education Code is repealed.
 - SEC. 3. Section 12091 of the Education Code is repealed.
- SEC. 4. Section 12092 of the Education Code is repealed. 13
- 14 SEC. 5. Section 12093 of the Education Code is repealed.
- Section 12094 of the Education Code is repealed. 15 SEC. 6.
- SEC. 7. Section 66010.6 of the Education Code is amended 16 to read: 17
 - 66010.6. The missions of agencies charged coordination, administration, or implementation of higher education policies and programs in California shall be as follows:
 - (a) The California Postsecondary Education Commission is the statewide postsecondary education coordinating and planning agency. The commission shall serve as a principal fiscal and program advisor to the Governor and the Legislature on postsecondary educational policy. Consistent with Section 66903, the commission's responsibilities shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, all of the following:
 - (1) Analysis and recommendations related to long-range planning for public postsecondary education.
 - (2) Analysis of state policy and programs involving the independent and private postsecondary educational sectors.
 - (3) Analysis and recommendations related to program and policy review.
 - (4) Resource analysis.

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- (5) Maintenance and publication of pertinent public information relating to all aspects of postsecondary education.
- regulating private postsecondary (6) Approving and educational institutions that grant degrees. For purposes of this

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 paragraph, "private postsecondary educational institutions that grant degrees" means those private postsecondary educational institutions that offer associate of arts or science, baccalaureate, masters, doctorate, or professional degrees and that incorporate general education as a regular part of their curriculum requirements.

- (7) Consulting with the postsecondary educational segments and with relevant state agencies, including the Student Aid Commission, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, and other relevant parties, in its preparation of analyses and recommendations to the Governor and the Legislature. However, the commission shall remain an independent and nonpartisan body responsible for providing an integrated and segmentally unbiased view for purposes of state policy formulation and evaluation.
- (b) (1) The California Student Aid Commission is the primary state agency for the administration of state-authorized student financial aid programs available to students attending all segments of postsecondary education. These programs include grant, work study, and loan programs supported by the state and the federal government.
- (2) Consistent with this responsibility, the commission shall provide, in consultation with the postsecondary education segments and relevant state agencies, policy leadership on student financial aid issues, evaluate the effectiveness of its programs, conduct research and long-range planning as a foundation for program improvement, report on total state financial aid needs, and disseminate information to students and their families.
- (c) The Bureau for Private Postsecondary and Vocational Education is the primary state agency responsible for approving and regulating private postsecondary and vocational educational institutions, other than private postsecondary institutions that grant degrees, and for developing state policies for private postsecondary and vocational education in California. The bureau shall represent the private postsecondary and vocational education institutions, other than private postsecondary institutions that grant degrees, in all state level planning and policy discussions about postsecondary and vocational education.
- 38 SEC. 8. Section 66903 of the Education Code is amended to 39 read:

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66903. The commission has the following functions and responsibilities in its capacity as the statewide postsecondary education planning and coordinating agency and adviser to the Legislature and the Governor:

- (a) It shall require the governing boards of the segments of public postsecondary education to develop and submit to the commission institutional and systemwide long-range plans in a form determined by the commission after consultation with the segments.
- (b) It shall prepare a state plan for postsecondary education that shall integrate the planning efforts of the public segments with other pertinent plans. The commission shall seek to resolve conflicts or inconsistencies among segmental plans in consultation with the segments. If these consultations are unsuccessful, the commission shall report the unresolved issues to the Legislature with recommendations for resolution. In developing the plan, the commission shall consider at least the following factors:
 - (1) The need for, and location of, new facilities.
- (2) The range and kinds of programs appropriate to each institution or system.
- (3) The budgetary priorities of the institutions and systems of postsecondary education.
- (4) The impact of various types and levels of student charges on students and on postsecondary education programs and institutions.
 - (5) The appropriate levels of state-funded student financial aid.
- (6) The access and admission of students to postsecondary education.
- (7) The educational programs and resources of independent and private postsecondary institutions.
- (8) The provisions of this division differentiating the functions of the public systems of higher education.
 - (c) It shall update the plan periodically, as appropriate.
- (d) It shall participate in appropriate stages of the executive and the legislative budget processes as requested by the executive and the legislative branches, and shall advise the executive and the legislative branches as to whether segmental programmatic budgetary requests are compatible with the state plan. It is not intended that the commission hold independent budget hearings.

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 (e) It shall advise the Legislature and the Governor regarding the need for, and location of, new institutions and campuses of public higher education.

- (f) It shall review proposals by the public segments for new programs, the priorities that guide them, and the degree of coordination with nearby public, independent, and private postsecondary educational institutions, and shall make recommendations regarding those proposals to the Legislature and the Governor.
- (g) In consultation with the public segments, it shall establish a schedule for segmental review of selected educational programs, evaluate the program approval, review, and disestablishment processes of the segments, and report its findings and recommendations to the Legislature and the Governor.
- (h) It shall serve as a stimulus to the segments and institutions of postsecondary education by projecting and identifying societal and educational needs and encouraging adaptability to change.
- (i) It shall periodically collect or conduct, or both collect and conduct, studies of projected manpower supply and demand, in cooperation with appropriate state agencies, and disseminate the results of those studies to institutions of postsecondary education and to the public in order to improve the information base upon which student choices are made.
- (j) It shall periodically review and make recommendations concerning the need for, and availability of, postsecondary programs for adult and continuing education.
- (k) It shall develop criteria for evaluating the effectiveness of all aspects of postsecondary education.
- (*l*) It shall maintain and update annually an inventory of all off-campus programs and facilities for education, research, and community services operated by public and independent institutions of postsecondary education.
- (m) (1) It shall act as a clearinghouse for postsecondary education information and as a primary source of information for the Legislature, the Governor, and other agencies. It shall develop and maintain a comprehensive database that does all of the following:
 - (A) Ensures comparability of data from diverse sources.
- (B) Supports longitudinal studies of individual students as they progress through the state's postsecondary educational

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institutions, based upon the commission's existing student database through the use of a unique student identifier.

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- (C) Is compatible with the California School Information System and the student information systems developed and maintained by the public segments of higher education, as appropriate.
- (D) Provides Internet access to data, as appropriate, to the sectors of higher education.
- (E) Provides each of the educational segments access to the 10 data made available to the commission for the purposes of the database, in order to support, most efficiently and effectively, statewide, segmental, and individual campus educational research information needs.
 - (2) The commission, in implementing paragraph (1), shall comply with the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g) relating to the disclosure of personally identifiable information concerning students.
 - (3) The commission may not make available any personally identifiable information received from a postsecondary educational institution concerning students for any regulatory purpose unless the institution has authorized the commission to provide that information on behalf of the institution.
 - (4) The commission shall provide 30-day notification to the chairpersons of the appropriate legislative policy and budget committees of the Legislature, to the Director of Finance, and to the Governor prior to making any significant changes to the student information contained in the database.
 - (n) It shall establish criteria for state support of new and existing programs, in consultation with the public segments, the Department of Finance, and the Joint Legislative Budget
 - (o) It shall comply with the appropriate provisions of the federal Education Amendments of 1972 (P.L. 92-318), as specified in Section 67000.
 - (p) It shall consider the relationship among academic education and vocational education and job training programs, and shall actively consult with representatives of public and private education.
 - (q) It shall review all proposals for changes in eligibility pools for admission to public institutions and segments of postsecondary

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education and shall make recommendations to the Legislature, the Governor, and institutions of postsecondary education. In carrying out this subdivision, the commission periodically shall conduct a study of the percentages of California public high school graduates estimated to be eligible for admission to the University of California and the California State University. The changes made to this subdivision during the 2001–02 Regular Session of the Legislature shall be implemented only during those fiscal years for which funding is provided for the purposes of those provisions in the annual Budget Act or in another measure.

- (r) It shall report periodically to the Legislature and the Governor regarding the financial conditions of independent institutions, their enrollment and application figures, the number of student spaces available, and the respective cost of utilizing those spaces as compared to providing additional public spaces. The reports shall include recommendations concerning state policies and programs having a significant impact on independent institutions.
- (s) Upon request of the Legislature or the Governor, it shall submit to the Legislature and the Governor a report on all matters so requested that are compatible with its role as the statewide postsecondary education planning and coordinating agency. Upon request of individual Members of the Legislature or personnel in the executive branch, the commission shall submit information or a report on any matter to the extent that sufficient resources are available. From time to time, it also may submit to the Legislature and the Governor a report that contains recommendations as to necessary or desirable changes, if any, in the functions, policies, and programs of the several segments of public, independent, and private postsecondary education.
- (t) In consultation with the public segments, it shall consider the development of facilities to be used by more than one segment of public higher education, commonly called "joint-use facilities." It shall recommend to the Legislature criteria and processes for different segments to utilize bond funds for these intersegmental, joint-use facilities.
- (u) Pursuant to Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Section 94250) of Part 59, it shall provide oversight and regulatory services with respect to private postsecondary institutions that offer degree programs.

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(v) It may undertake other functions and responsibilities that are compatible with its role as the statewide postsecondary education planning and coordinating agency.

- SEC. 9. Section 66903.1 is added to the Education Code, to read:
- 66903.1. (a) Subject to the provisions of this article, the commission may enter into an agreement with the United States Veterans Administration, or with any other agency of the federal government, for the education of veterans in any of the schools of the public school system or on any campus of a regionally accredited or state approved postsecondary education institution. The agreement shall provide for the payment to the schools of the maximum amount permitted by the act of Congress under which the agreement is entered into by the United States Veterans Administration, or by any other agency of the federal government.
- (b) The commission is vested with all necessary power and authority to cooperate with any agency of the federal government in the administration of any act of Congress, as well as the rules and regulations adopted thereunder, that is applicable to this article.
- (c) The commission may enter into an agreement with a governing board of a school district for the education by the district of veterans in accordance with the agreement between the commission and the agency of the federal government.

SEC. 10. A chapter heading

- (d) It is the intent of the Legislature that the commission's activities under this section be funded solely through federal funding.
- SEC. 10. A chapter heading, immediately preceding Section 94250, is added to Part 59 of the Education Code, to read:

Chapter 2.5. Private Postsecondary Degree-Granting Institutions

35 SEC. 11. Section 94256 is added to the Education Code, to 36 read:

94256. (a) Any institution operating on December 31, 2003, with a full, conditional, or temporary approval to operate, may continue to operate under the terms of that approval until that full, conditional, or temporary approval to operate expires or a

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subsequent action is taken by the commission that affects that approval to operate, whichever comes first.

- (b) Each regulation in Division 7.5 (commencing with Section 70000) of Title 5 of the California Code of Regulations in effect on June 30, 2003, shall be in full force and effect on and after January 1, 2004, to the extent the regulation is consistent with the relevant provisions in this chapter. The commission may, by emergency regulation, designate which regulations are consistent with this chapter and which are not.
- SEC. 12. Section 94257 is added to the Education Code, to 10 11 read:
 - 94257. It is the intent of the Legislature that the commission's approval and regulating responsibilities for degree-granting institutions be funded solely through approval fees and federal funding provided to implement the approval process for courses offered to veterans by approved institutions.
- SEC. 13. Section 94258 is added to the Education Code, to 18 read:
 - 94258. The commission shall have the following functions and responsibilities in its capacity as the statewide educational planning and regulatory agency for degree-granting private postsecondary educational institutions:
 - (a) The establishment of policies for the administration of this chapter.
 - (b) The establishment of minimum criteria for the approval of private postsecondary educational institutions to operate in *California and award degrees, and for the approval of institutions* that meet the criteria.
 - (c) The adoption of regulations governing the conduct of institutions under this chapter, including, but not limited to, minimum state standards for refund policies, advertising, enrollment agreements and contracts, consumer information, attendance policies, and financial responsibility.
 - (d) The adoption of regulations for the transaction of its own affairs, and procedures necessary or appropriate for the conduct of its work and the implementation of this chapter.
- (e) The publication of an Internet directory of all 38 degree-granting private postsecondary educational institutions approved to operate in California under this chapter.

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(f) The impaneling of special committees of technically qualified persons to assist the commission in the development of standards for education and educational institutions and the evaluation of an application or institutions pursuant to this chapter. The members of the special committees shall receive no compensation but shall be reimbursed for their actual expenses for attendance at official meetings and actual expenses when on official commission business. The members of the special committees shall serve at no expense to the state. The actual travel and per diem expenses incurred by each member of a special committee shall be reimbursed by the institution that is the subject of inspection or investigation.

- (g) (1) The commission may design and administer a process for the approval of courses offered to veterans, and for the approval and supervision of the institutions offering courses to veterans, pursuant to any applicable act of Congress and the regulations adopted pursuant to that act.
 - (2) For the purposes of this subdivision, the commission:
- (A) Is designated as the state approving agency for veterans' institutions and veterans' courses, and is authorized to be reimbursed for its services in this regard.
- (B) May adopt regulations that are necessary and appropriate to exercise its authority under this subdivision.
- SEC. 14. Section 94259 is added to the Education Code, to read:
- 94259. (a) For the purposes of administration and enforcement of this chapter, the commission, and the director and officers and employees of the commission, shall have all the powers and authority granted under this chapter and under Division 1 (commencing with Section 100) and Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code. In addition to satisfying the approval, compliance, and enforcement provisions of this chapter, the commission shall also comply with and exercise all authority granted by Division 1 (commencing with Section 100) and Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, Section 119 of the
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- 38 Business and Professions Code does not apply to violations under
- 39 this chapter.

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 (b) The commission shall establish a regular inspection program that shall include unannounced inspections.

- (c) If the commission determines, after an investigation, that an institution has violated this chapter or any of the regulations adopted by the bureau, the commission may do any or all of the following:
 - (1) Place the institution on probation.
 - (2) Issue an order prohibiting the enrollment of new students.
- (3) Request the issuance of an administrative citation and imposition of an administrative fine by the Attorney General.
- (4) Issue an order of abatement or citation pursuant to Section 125.9 or 148 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (5) Initiate proceedings under the Administrative Procedure Act or this chapter to revoke or suspend the institution's approval to operate.
- (6) With the consent of the institution, refer an adjudicative proceeding to mediation, or binding or nonbinding arbitration, in accordance with the regulations of the Office of Administrative Hearings or the commission.
- (7) Order reimbursement of the costs of the investigation and enforcement in accordance with Section 94262 of this code or Section 125.3 of the Business and Professions Code. An institution shall not be required to pay the same costs and expenses to more than one investigating entity.
- SEC. 15. Section 94260 is added to the Education Code, to read:
- 94260. (a) A Degree-Granting Institution Regulatory Account is hereby established in the Private Postsecondary and Vocational Education Administration Fund referenced in Section 94932. All fees collected pursuant to this section shall be credited to this account, along with any interest on the money, for the administration of this chapter. Funds deposited in the account are available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to the commission for the purposes of this chapter. If the Legislature makes an appropriation for the support of the commission for the purposes of this chapter in the Budget Act of any fiscal year, the amount for the support of the commission expended from the account during the fiscal year shall not exceed the amount appropriated by the Budget Act, unless that amount is modified in accordance with the Budget Act.

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(b) On and after January 1, 2004, a minimum of 50 percent of the funds appropriated to the commission for the purposes of this chapter shall be used to cover the costs of enforcing all of the following:

- (1) Enforcing the chapter and the commission's regulations by taking actions against violators while ensuring due process for all institutions.
- (2) Ensuring that independent onsite evaluations and random and targeted inspections and audits of institutions are conducted, and that students have easy access to information concerning their rights to contract cancellation, withdrawal, refunds, and remedies.
- (3) Mediating student complaints to achieve balanced outcomes for students and institutions.
- (c) (1) For the approval of private degree-granting institutions operating under this chapter, the commission shall charge an amount not to exceed the actual costs of approving or renewing the approval of those institutions. The commission shall adopt a fee schedule for all institutions approved under this chapter, including the maximum amounts to be charged for an institution's initial application and annual renewal.
- (2) The commission shall maintain the application fees for approval and reapproval to operate and the annual fees that are in effect on December 31, 2003.
- (3) (A) The commission may propose modifications to the fee schedule to the Governor and the Legislature to add or delete categories of fees related to work performed by the commission, and propose to the Governor and the Legislature the maximum amount to be charged for each fee category added to the fee schedule. The fee schedule shall provide adequate resources for the commission to implement this chapter effectively. It is the intent of the Legislature that the commission shall adopt a fee schedule that reflects the size of the institution, with institutions enrolling a larger number of students being required to pay a larger annual fee than those with smaller student enrollments.
- (B) The commission shall annually present its proposed budget and fee schedule, penalty fees assessed for delinquent payments pursuant to regulations adopted by the commission, and additions and deletions of fee categories to the Department of Finance and the Joint Legislative Budget Committee for their review as part of

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the annual budget process. The commission shall annually publish a schedule of the current fees to be charged pursuant to this section, and shall make this schedule generally available to the public.

- (C) The fees may be increased annually up to the maximum allowable level by a majority vote of the commission, without any additional review and approval by the Office of Administrative Law. The adoption of the annual fee schedule, any modification of the fee schedule, and any increase in fees up to the maximum allowable level shall be subject to Article 5 (commencing with Section 11346) of Chapter 3.5 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code. Increases above the maximum level shall be changed through legislation enacted by the Legislature and signed by the Governor.
- SEC. 16. Section 94261 is added to the Education Code, to read:
- 94261. Any institution more than 30 days delinquent in the payment of any fee or order for the recovery of costs and expenses under Section 94262 may be assessed a penalty fee by the commission.
- SEC. 17. Section 94262 is added to the Education Code, to read:
- 94262. (a) If the commission determines, after an investigation, that an institution has violated this chapter, the commission may order the institution to pay the costs and expenses incurred in connection with the investigation and any civil or administrative proceeding involving the violation that was investigated, including charges made by the Attorney General for his or her services, and any expenses incurred by a district attorney. Before any order for the payment of costs and expenses is made under this section, the commission shall provide the institution with written notice, including notice of the institution's right to request a hearing within 15 days of service of the notice. If a hearing is not timely requested, the council may order payment.
- (b) If a hearing is requested, the commission shall comply with the procedures set forth in Section 94965, 94975, or 94980. Within 30 days after the effective date of the order, the commission may enforce the order as if it were a money judgment pursuant to Title 9 (commencing with Section 680.10) of Part 2 of the Code of Civil

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Procedure. Alternatively, the commission may seek the costs and expenses allowed under this section in a civil proceeding.

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- (c) An institution shall not be required to pay the same costs and expenses incurred in connection with the investigation and any civil or administrative proceeding to more than one investigating agency.
- SEC. 18. Section 94263 is added to the Education Code, to read:
 - 94263. It is the intent of the Legislature that the effective date of any statutory amendment to this chapter affecting revenues payable to the commission from any service rendered under this chapter shall be delayed for a period of 12 months in order to enable the commission to make the necessary adjustments in its fee schedule through the regulatory adoption process.
- SEC. 19. Section 94770 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 94770. (a) There is a Bureau for Private Postsecondary and Vocational Education in the Department of Consumer Affairs. The bureau shall succeed to any and all rights and claims of the former Council for Private Postsecondary and Vocational Education that may have been asserted in any judicial or administrative action pending on January 1, 1998, and shall take any action reasonably necessary to assert and realize those rights and claims in its own name. The functions of the former council and the responsibilities the former council had for the administration of former Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 94700) on June 29, 1997, are transferred to the bureau, effective January 1, 1998, as provided by this act. It is the intent of the Legislature that there be no gap in the performance of functions or the administration of the law governing private postsecondary educational institutions. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, Section 19050.9 of the Government Code shall apply regardless of the date on which former Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 94700) became inoperative or was repealed.
- (b) The bureau shall have possession and control of all records, papers, offices, equipment, supplies, or other property, real or personal, held for the benefit or use by the former council in the performance of the duties, powers, purposes, responsibilities, and jurisdictions that are vested in the bureau.

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1 (c) The bureau has the responsibility for approving and regulating private postsecondary educational institutions, other than the degree-granting institutions that are approved and regulated by the California Postsecondary Education Commission pursuant to Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Section 94250). The 5 bureau shall have, as its objective, the development of a strong, vigorous, and widely respected sector of private postsecondary and vocational education.

SEC. 12.

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- SEC. 20. Section 94780 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 94780. No institution, subject to this chapter, shall offer any educational service unless the institution is first approved by the council and meets all of the requirements in the following articles:
- (a) This article, Article 6 (commencing with Section 94800) 16 except as provided for institutions approved under Article 9.5 (commencing with Section 94931), Article 10 (commencing with Section 94932), Article 11 (commencing with Section 94940), and Article 12 (commencing with Section 94944).
- 20 (b) Article 9 (commencing with Section 94915), if the 21 institution does not offer degrees.
 - (c) Article 9.5 (commencing with Section 94931), if the institution is registered pursuant to that article.
 - (d) Article 7 (commencing with Section 94850), if the educational programs are not exempt under Section 94790.

SEC. 13.

- SEC. 21. The heading of Article 8 (commencing with Section 94900) of Chapter 7 of Part 59 of the Education Code is repealed. SEC. 14.
- SEC. 22. 30 Section 94900 of the Education Code is amended 31 and renumbered to read:
 - 94250. (a) (1) No private postsecondary educational institution may issue, confer, or award an academic or honorary degree unless the institution is approved by the commission to operate in California and award degrees.
 - (2) The commission shall not issue an approval under paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of Section 94251 or a conditional approval under paragraph (2) of subdivision (c) of Section 94251 until it has conducted a qualitative review and assessment of, and has approved, each degree program offered by the institution, and

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all of the operations of the institution, and has determined all of the following:

- (A) The institution has the facilities, financial resources, administrative capabilities, faculty, and other necessary educational expertise and resources to ensure its capability of fulfilling the program or programs for enrolled students.
- (B) The faculty are fully qualified to undertake the level of instruction that they are assigned, possess degrees or credentials appropriate to the degree program and level they teach, and have demonstrated professional achievement in the major field or fields offered, in sufficient numbers to provide the educational services.
- (C) The education services and curriculum clearly relate to the objectives of the proposed program or programs, and offer students the opportunity for a high-quality education.
- (D) The facilities are appropriate for the defined educational objectives and are sufficient to ensure quality educational services to the students enrolled in the program or programs.
- (E) The program of study for which the degree is granted provides the curriculum necessary to achieve its professed or claimed academic objective for higher education, and the institution requires a level of academic achievement appropriate to that degree.
- (F) The institution provides adequate student advisement services, academic planning and curriculum development activities, research supervision for students enrolled in Ph.D. programs, and clinical supervision for students enrolled in various health profession programs.
- (G) If the institution offers credit for prior experiential learning it may do so only after an evaluation by qualified faculty and only in disciplines within the institution's curricular offerings that are appropriate to the degree to be pursued. The commission shall develop specific standards regarding the criteria for awarding credit for prior experiential learning at the graduate level, including the maximum number of hours for which credit may be awarded.
- (b) The approval process shall include a qualitative review and assessment of all of the following:
 - (1) Institutional purpose, mission, and objectives.
 - (2) Governance and administration.
- 40 (3) Curriculum.

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1 (4) Instruction.

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- (5) Faculty, including their qualifications. 2
- 3 (6) Physical facilities.
- (7) Administrative personnel. 4
- (8) Procedures for keeping educational records. 5
 - (9) Tuition, fee, and refund schedules.
- 7 (10) Admissions standards.
- (11) Financial aid policies and practices. 8
 - (12) Scholastic regulations and graduation requirements.
- (13) Ethical principles and practices. 10
- 11 (14) Library and other learning resources.
- (15) Student activities and services. 12
- (16) Degrees offered. 13
 - (c) The standards and procedures utilized by the commission shall foster the development of high-quality, innovative educational programs and emerging new fields of study within postsecondary education. In addition, the standards and procedures utilized by the commission shall not unreasonably hinder educational innovation and competition.
 - (d) (1) The Committee of Bar Examiners for the State of California, in lieu of the commission, shall be responsible for the approval, regulation, and oversight of degree-granting law schools that (A) exclusively offer bachelor's, master's, or doctorate degrees in law, such as Juris Doctor, and (B) are not otherwise exempt under Section 94750. This paragraph does not apply to unaccredited law schools that remain subject to the jurisdiction of the commission.
- (2) If a law school not exempt under Section 94750 offers 29 educational services other than bachelor's, master's, or 30 doctorate-degree programs in law, the law school and its nonlaw degree programs shall be subject to Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 94700), and the law school's degree programs in law shall be subject to the approval, regulation, and oversight of the Committee of Bar Examiners.
- 34 (e) As used in this chapter, "commission" refers to the 35 California Postsecondary Education Commission. 36
- 37 SEC. 15.
- SEC. 23. Section 94901 of the Education Code is amended 38 and renumbered to read:

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94251. (a) (1) The commission shall conduct a qualitative review and assessment of the institution. It also shall conduct a qualitative review and assessment of all programs offered except continuing education programs and programs that are exclusively avocational or recreational in nature. The review shall include the items listed in subdivision (b) of Section 94250, through a comprehensive onsite review process, performed by a qualified visiting committee impaneled by the commission for that purpose.

- (2) An institution may include some or all of its separate operating sites under one application. Alternatively, it may submit separate applications for any one site or combination of sites. The satellites or branches included in either an initial or renewal application shall be considered by the commission to comprise a separate, single institution for purposes of regulation, approval, and compliance under this chapter.
- (3) The application shall include a single fee based on the number of branches, satellites, and programs included within a single application in order to cover the costs involved for those multisite and multiprogram reviews. If the application is for renewal of an existing approval, the institution need only submit information necessary to document any changes made since the time its previous application was filed with the commission. Fees for renewal applications will be based on the actual costs involved in the administrative review process.
- (b) The number of sites inspected by the commission as part of its review process shall be subject to the following considerations:
- (1) If the application for approval includes branches and satellites, the commission shall inspect each branch and may inspect any satellite campus.
- (2) If the application is for approval to operate a branch or a satellite, the commission, in addition to inspecting the branch or satellite, also may inspect the institution operating the branch or satellite campus.
- (c) The commission may waive or modify the onsite inspection for institutions offering home study or correspondence courses. The visiting committee shall be impaneled by the commission within 90 days of the date of the receipt of a completed application and shall be composed of educators, and other individuals with expertise in the areas listed in subdivision (b) of Section 94900, from degree-granting institutions legally operating within the

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state. Within 90 days of the receipt of the visiting committee's evaluation report and recommendations, or any reasonable extension of time not to exceed 90 days, the commission shall take one of the following actions:

- (1) If the institution is in compliance with this chapter and has not operated within three years before the filing of the application in violation of this chapter then in effect, the commission may grant an approval to operate not to exceed five years.
- (2) If the institution is in compliance with this chapter, but has operated within three years before the filing of the application in violation of this chapter then in effect, or if the commission determines that an unconditional grant of approval to operate is not in the public interest, the commission may grant a conditional approval to operate subject to whatever restrictions the commission deems appropriate. The commission shall notify the institution of the restrictions or conditions, the basis for the restrictions or conditions, and the right to request a hearing to contest them. Conditional approval shall not exceed two years.
- (3) The commission may deny the application. If the application is denied, the commission may permit the institution to continue offering the program of instruction to students already enrolled or may order the institution to cease instruction and provide a refund of tuition and all other charges to students.
- (d) When evaluating an institution whose purpose is to advance postsecondary education through innovative methods, the visiting committee shall comprise educators who are familiar with, and receptive to, evidence bearing on the educational quality and accomplishments of those methods.
- (e) The standards and procedures utilized by the commission shall not unreasonably hinder educational innovation and competition.
- (f) Each institution or instructional program offering education for entry into a health care profession in which the provider has primary care responsibilities shall offer that education within a professional degree program which shall be subject to approval by the commission pursuant to this section.
- (g) (1) If an institution is not operating in California when it applies for approval to operate for itself or a branch or satellite campus, the institution shall file with its application an operational plan establishing that the institution will satisfy the minimum

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standards set forth in subdivision (a) of Section 94250. The operational plan also shall include a detailed description of the institution's program for implementing the operational plan, including proposed procedures, financial resources, and the qualifications of owners, directors, officers, and administrators employed at the time of the filing of the application. The commission may request additional information to enable the commission to determine whether the operational plan and its proposed implementation will satisfy these minimum standards.

- (2) If the commission determines that the operational plan satisfies the minimum standards described in subdivision (a) of Section 94250, that the institution demonstrates that it will implement the plan, and that no ground for denial of the application exists, the commission shall grant a temporary approval to operate, subject to any restrictions the commission reasonably deems necessary to ensure compliance with this chapter, pending a qualitative review and assessment as provided in subdivisions (a) and (b) of Section 94250. The commission shall inspect, pursuant to subdivision (a) of this section, the institution, or branch or satellite campus if approval is sought for that campus between 90 days and 180 days after operation has begun under the temporary approval to operate. Following receipt of the visiting committee's or the commission staff's report, the commission shall act as provided in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subdivision (c).
- (h) If at any time the commission determines that an institution has deviated from the standards for approval, the commission, after identifying for the institution the areas in which it has deviated from the standards, and after giving the institution due notice and an opportunity to be heard, may place the institution on probation for a prescribed period of time, not to exceed 24 calendar months. During the period of probation, the institution shall be subject to special monitoring. The conditions for probation may include the required submission of periodic reports, as prescribed by the commission, and special visits by authorized representatives of the commission to determine progress toward total compliance. If, at the end of the probationary period, the institution has not taken steps to eliminate the cause or causes for its probation to the satisfaction of the commission, the commission may revoke the institution's approval to award degrees and provide notice to the institution to cease its operations.

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- (i) An institution may not advertise itself as an approved institution unless each degree program offered by the institution has been approved in accordance with the requirements of this section. The commission shall review all operations of the institution, pertaining to California degrees, both within and outside of California. The commission may conduct site visits outside of California, including the institution's foreign operations, when the commission deems these visits to be necessary. The institution shall be responsible for the expenses of the visiting team members including the commission's staff liaison. The commission may authorize any institution approved to issue degrees under this section to issue certificates for the completion of courses of study that are within the institution's approved degree-granting programs.
- (i) An institution shall not offer any educational program or 16 degree title that was not offered by the institution at the time the institution applied for approval to operate, and shall not offer any educational program or degree title at a campus that had not offered the program or degree title at the time the institution applied for approval to operate that campus, unless the commission first approves the offering of the program or degree title after determining that it satisfies the minimum standards established by this section.

SEC. 16.

- SEC. 24. Section 94905 of the Education Code is amended and renumbered to read:
- 94255. (a) Any public or private postsecondary educational institution incorporated in another state that has accreditation from a regional accrediting association recognized by the United States Department of Education at the time of the issuance of a degree, and that is approved by the commission, may issue degrees, diplomas, or certificates. Except for continuing education programs and programs that are exclusively avocational or recreational in nature, accredited public or private postsecondary educational institutions incorporated in another state shall not offer degrees, diplomas, or certificates in California unless they comply with this section.
- (b) The commission shall not approve an institution to issue degrees, diplomas, or certificates pursuant to this section until the commission has conducted a qualitative review and assessment of,

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and has approved, each program offered by the institution and all of its operations in California, and the commission has determined that the institution meets all of the following standards:

- (1) The institution has financial resources to ensure the capability of fulfilling the program or programs for enrolled students.
- (2) The faculty includes personnel who possess appropriate degrees from institutions accredited by a regional accrediting association recognized by the United States Department of Education in the degree major field or fields offered, in sufficient number to provide the educational services.
- (3) The education services and curriculum clearly relate to the objectives of the proposed program or programs.
- (4) The facilities are appropriate for the defined educational objectives and are sufficient to ensure quality educational services to the students enrolled in the program or programs.
- (5) The institution has verifiable evidence of academic achievement comparable to that required of graduates of other institutions operating in this state for the program or programs upon which the degree, diploma, or certificate is based.
- (c) The period of any approval issued under this section shall be subject to Section 94251.
- (d) Institutions approved under this section shall offer in California only programs that the institution can document to have been acknowledged or favorably reviewed by the home regional accrediting association.
- (e) In reviewing the out-of-state accredited institutions, the commission shall use as guidelines the standards and procedures developed by the special committee created pursuant to paragraph (5) of subdivision (b) of Section 94310.1, as in effect on December 31, 1989, and adopted by the California Postsecondary Education Commission. These standards and procedures were based on all of the following principles:
- (1) Following the initial site review, subsequent onsite reviews by the commission may be conducted in conjunction with institutional reviews by the regional accrediting association. However, if there is substantial evidence that the institution is not in compliance with state standards, the commission may initiate a special review of the California operations of the institution.

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(2) Each institution may include some, or all, of its separate operating sites under one application. Alternately, it may submit separate applications for any one site or combination of sites. The satellites or branches included in either an initial or renewal application shall be considered by the commission to comprise a separate, single institution for purposes of regulation, approval, and compliance under this chapter.

- (3) The application shall include a single fee based on the number of branches, satellites, and programs included within a single application in order to cover the costs involved for multisite and multiprogram reviews.
- (4) If the application is for renewal of an existing approval, the institution need only submit information necessary to document any changes made since the time its previous application was filed with the commission. Fees for reapproval applications will be based on the actual costs involved in the administrative review process.
- (5) The commission shall develop a rationale to justify the number of sites to be visited by the state in the review of the institution's operations in California. The number of sites visited shall be subject to the following considerations:
- (A) If the application for approval includes branches and satellites, the commission may inspect each branch and may inspect any satellite campus.
- (B) If the application is for approval to operate a branch or a satellite, the commission, in addition to inspecting the branch or satellite, also may inspect the institution operating the branch or satellite campus.
- (C) The commission may waive or modify the onsite inspection for institutions offering home study or correspondence courses.
- (D) The purpose of the onsite review by the commission shall be to determine that operations by the institution in California meet the minimum state standards identified in statute.
- (E) The standards and procedures shall not unreasonably hinder educational innovation and competition.

SEC. 17.

SEC. 25. The California Postsecondary Education Commission shall consult with representatives of the private, public, and independent postsecondary education sectors, and

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develop recommendations for long-term policies that guide oversight and regulation of the nonpublic sectors of postsecondary education. The recommendations shall be submitted to the appropriate education committees of the Legislature by 5 September 1, 2004, and shall include recommendations in all of the following areas:

(a) Specific actions that should be taken to improve transferability of courses among the three sectors of postsecondary education.

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- (b) The extent to which California shall accept accreditation by any entity recognized by the United States Department of Education as a valid proxy for the quality of academic courses, programs, and degrees awarded by postsecondary education institutions operating in California.
- (c) The extent to which public postsecondary education 16 institutions providing vocational preparation programs should be held to similar standards for completion and placement as private institutions providing similar programs.